# Automated Frozen Sample Aliquotter No-Thaw Automated Extraction of Multiple Frozen Aliquots from One Frozen Sample

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#### introduction

Biotechnology tools hold potential for exponential progress in molecular medicine and biomarker discovery. Yet, quality results depend on quality materials, and optimal preservation and sampling are crucial to

### the technology

The Automated Frozen Sample Aliquotter enables the hands-free extraction of multiple frozen aliquots from one single vial of frozen serum or plasma sample without thawing it. A proprietary robotic probe cores a frozen sample under ultra-cold conditions and deposits the still-frozen cores into separate cryotubes for downstream analyses. The extracted cores remain frozen through the process. Any sample remaining may be returned to the freezer still frozen.

#### case studies

#### productivity gains

scenario

Clinical biobank

Samples frozen in 1.8mL/2.0mL tubes

<image>

#### tasks

Process 1 source/2 destinations

Sub-aliquot remaining sample material

ensure banked sample integrity and promote ideal conditions for analysis.

Current methods and tools force biobanking into sample storage and processing tradeoffs which can impact operations and costs significantly; sometimes affecting sample quality. For example, repeated freeze/thaw cycling may degrade critical biological molecules, and minimizing sampling frequency is recommended to reduce potential sample molecular damage.



common analytes.

**Robotic Coring Probe** 

#### frozen sample aliquotter

Conceived and designed to serve the needs of modern biobanking, the Automated Frozen Sample Aliquotter helps optimize frozen sample integrity and sampling efficiency:

## demonstrated capabilities

Independent evaluation of a proof-of-concept instrument at the R.I. BioBank successfully

 Request for 2 aliquots X150 samples = 300 aliquots



Distribute samples

Return unused sample to freezer



- Extract multiple frozen cores from one single cryotube of frozen plasma or serum
- Deliver hands-free, automated operation (e.g. source vial selection, decapping/capping, coring, dispensing, cleaning) after sample loading
- Achieve volumetric consistency on every extracted core (never <100µL from 1.8mL cryotube)
- Maintain ultra-cold conditions pre-, during, post-coring

Trig Glucose IgG Average

Avoid carryover
 between samples

T-Chol

demonstrated that it can extract multiple frozen, uniformly-sized, consistently homogeneous frozen cores from one frozen plasma sample stored in a 1.8mL cryotube. The extracted cores give reproducible results with very low variability when analyzed for

**Consistently Homogenous Cores with Low Variability** 





18 racks "savings"
 Up-front labor

Reproducibility Study (few donors, many repeats)														(51% "savings")	Sample tracking	
Cores vs. Controls	105%	108%	104%	108%	106%									- Cost of Disation	■ QA	
Remainders vs. Controls	97%	100%	94%	100%	98%		- 14							<ul> <li>Cost of Plastics</li> </ul>		
Diversity Study (many donors, few repeats)								NOTE: All results were normalized using the assay	results fr	rom the controls						
Cores vs. Controls	101%	105%	102%	101%	102%											
Remainders vs. Controls	98%	99%	99%	98%	98%											
Reproducibility Study Coefficient of Variation (CV) (few donors, many repeats)						egrity (	<b>e</b>	extend sample usable life		standa	ardize sample aliquot	ting 🤇	) enhan	ce lab pro	oductivity	
Cores	4.4%	6.1%	6.6%	4.6%	5.4%	•								-	-	
Remainders	1.9%	4.7%	3.5%	3.0%	3.3%			The project described was supported by Award I	Number R2	21CA140096 from the Na	tional Cancer Institute (NCI). The content is solely the responsib	ility of the authors a	and does not necessary repre	esent the official views of N	CI or the National Institutes of H	lealth